



Feature Flags with Symfony

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- ▶ Working at Qafoo



We promote high quality code with trainings and consulting

<http://qafoo.com>

- ▶ Doctrine and Symfony Contributor
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- ▶ Twitter @beberlei and @qafoo

Outline

Introduction

Building the Foundation

Using Feature Flags

Context

Related Topics

Introduction

```
1 <?php  
2  
3 if (is_feature_enabled('billing')) {  
4     handle_billing_form();  
5 } else {  
6     handle_beta_form();  
7 }
```

One Year later

```
1  <?php
2
3  if (is_feature_enabled('beta_form')) {
4      /* if (is_feature_enabled('billing_provider_foo')) {
5          handle_beta_billing();
6      }*/
7      if (is_feature_enabled('billing_new_vat_law')) {
8          if (is_feature_enabled('billing_new_vat_law2')) {
9              handle_billing_new2();
10         } else {
11             handle_billing_new();
12         }
13     } else {
14         handle_billing_form();
15     }
16 } else {
17     handle_beta_form();
18 }
```

History

- ▶ "Flipping Out" by Flickr (2009)
- ▶ "FeatureToggle" by Martin Fowler (2010)
- ▶ Names
 - ▶ Flags
 - ▶ Toggles
 - ▶ Flippers
 - ▶ Switches

Feature Flags are
branching on the
code-level

Branches for Features Flags

```
1 <?php  
2 // branch "master"  
3 handle_beta_form();
```

```
1 <?php  
2 // branch "billing"  
3 handle_billing_form();
```

```
1 <?php  
2 // branch "billing_new_vat_law"  
3 handle_billing_new_vat_law();
```

Feature Flags vs VCS Branches

Feature Flags allow arbitrary combination of branches
VCS don't have this flexibility!

- ▶ Allow trunk-based development
- ▶ Increase complexity

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API for Feature Flags

```
1 <?php  
2  
3 interface FeatureFlags  
4 {  
5     function isEnabled($flag);  
6 }
```

Static Feature Flags

```
1 <?php
2 class StaticFlags implements FeatureFlags
3 {
4     public function isEnabled($flag)
5     {
6         if ($flag === 'billing') {
7             return true;
8         }
9
10        return false;
11    }
12 }
```

Feature Flags Service

```
1 <service  
2   id="feature_flags"  
3   class="Acme\DemoBundle\Util\StaticFlags">  
4 </service>
```

Feature Flags Usage

```
1  <?php
2  class BillingController
3  {
4      public function signupAction()
5      {
6          $features = $this->get('feature_flags');
7
8          if (!$features->isEnabled('billing')) {
9              throw new NotFoundHttpException();
10         }
11         // ...
12     }
13 }
```

Implementation

- ▶ Symfony Configuration
- ▶ SQL-Database
- ▶ Redis
- ▶ Any kind of implementation is usually simple.

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Design Considerations

- ▶ Avoid if/elseif/else hell
- ▶ Maintainable Solution
 - ▶ Cleanup old code
 - ▶ Cleanup deprecated flags
- ▶ Integrate nicely into Symfony
- ▶ Reusable, generic solutions preferred
- ▶ Separate development from activation/testing

Move all toggle decisions
outside of your code

Integration Points

- ▶ Twig Templates
- ▶ Routing
- ▶ Controllers
- ▶ Services
- ▶ Event Listeners

Decide what a user can see

- ▶ Show Links
- ▶ Load Sub-Controllers

Twig Templates

```
1  {% if is_feature_enabled('billing') %}  
2      <a href="{{ path('billing') }}>Pay</a>  
3  {% endif %}
```

Twig Templates

```
1  {% if is_feature_enabled('billing') %}  
2      {{ render(controller(  
3          "AcmeDemoBundle:Billing:show")) }}  
4  }  
5  {% endif %}
```

Decide what a user can access

- ▶ Conditional routes
- ▶ Show 404 if the feature is disabled

Routing

```
1  billing:
2    pattern: /billing/signup
3    defaults:
4      _feature_flag: billing
```

Routing: EventListener

```
1  <?php
2  public function onKernelRequest($event)
3  {
4      $request = $event->getRequest();
5      $flag = $request->attributes
6          ->get('_feature_flag');
7
8      if (!$this->features->isEnabled($flag)) {
9          throw new NotFoundHttpException();
10     }
11 }
```

Decide what controller is called

- ▶ Execute different actions based on flags
- ▶ Manipulate Controller Resolver

Deciding about Controllers

```
1  billing:
2    pattern: /billing/signup
3    defaults:
4      _controller: "AccountBundle: Billing :signup"
5      _alternative: "AccountBundle: Billing :signup2"
6      _when_feature: billing
```

Deciding about Controllers

```
1 <?php
2
3 public function onKernelRequest($event)
4 {
5     // ...
6     if ($this->features->isEnabled($whenFlag)) {
7         $request->attributes->set(
8             '_controller',
9             $alternative
10        );
11    }
12 }
```

Decide what business logic is called

- ▶ Construct different services based on feature flags
- ▶ Requires a common interface the services implement
- ▶ Interface Segregation (SOLID principles)

Symfony Dependency Injection

- ▶ Delegate construction of a service to a factory
- ▶ Use `factory-service` and `factory-method`
- ▶ Implement a generic Factory for the task only once

Feature Flag Service Factory

```
1  <?php
2  class FeatureFlagFactory
3  {
4      private $container;
5
6      public function create($when, $then, $else)
7      {
8          return $this->flags->isEnabled($when)
9              ? $this->container->get($then)
10             : $this->container->get($else);
11     }
12 }
```

Feature Flag Service Definition

```
1 <service id="feature_flag_factory"
2   class="Acme\DemoBundle\FeatureFlagFactory">
3
4   <argument type="service"
5     id="service_container" />
6 </service>
```

Feature Flag Service

```
1 <service id="payment" class="..."  
2   factory-service="feature_flag_factory"  
3   factory-method="create">  
4  
5   <argument>billing_stripe </argument>  
6   <argument>payment_stripe </argument>  
7   <argument>payment_paypal </argument>  
8 </service>
```

Using the Feature Flag Service

```
1 <?php  
2  
3 public function paymentAction()  
4 {  
5     $provider = $this->get( 'payment' );  
6     // ...  
7 }
```

Decide what event listeners are called

- ▶ Add a custom event attribute tag for feature flags.
- ▶ Make sure listeners are only called when flag is enabled.
- ▶ It is too complicated to do this generically.

Simple Solution

```
1  class AwesomeListener
2  {
3      public function onKernelRequest($event)
4      {
5          if ( ! $this->features->isEnabled( 'awesome' ) ) {
6              return;
7          }
8          // ...
9      }
10 }
11 }
```

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Related Topics

What about Context?

- ▶ A dynamic feature flag system needs context.
 - ▶ User Information
 - ▶ Request Information
- ▶ Gather very early in `kernel.request` event.
- ▶ Obviously before any dynamic feature flag is used.

API with Context

```
1 <?php  
2  
3 interface FeatureFlags  
4 {  
5     function setContext($variable , $value);  
6     function isEnabled($flag);  
7 }
```

Gather Context

```
1  <?php
2
3  public function onKernelRequest($event)
4  {
5      // ...
6      $this->featureFlags->setContext(
7          'user_id',
8          $user->getId()
9      );
10     $this->featureFlags->setContext(
11         'ip_address',
12         $request->getClientIp()
13     );
14 }
```

Links

- ▶ <http://code.flickr.net/2009/12/02/flipping-out/>
- ▶ <http://martinfowler.com/bliki/FeatureToggle.html>
- ▶ <http://labs.qandidate.com/blog/2014/09/04/feature-toggles-in-symfony2/>



THANK YOU

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Related Topics

A/B Testing

- ▶ Consider small experiments activated with feature toggles
- ▶ Let 50% of users see the new feature
- ▶ Measure success of the new variant compared to the old
- ▶ Decide to keep the old or switch to the new variant
- ▶ Requires user context (groups of users)

Circuit Breaker

- ▶ Use dynamic feature toggles to deactivate defunct backends
- ▶ Example: Deactivate Search when Elasticsearch is down
- ▶ Requires feature toggle to be always present in code
- ▶ Requires datastorage to measure number of failures of backend services.